

Identifying and Categorizing Mobile Application Data Types for Public Safety

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- *Identifying and Categorizing Data Types for Public Safety Mobile Applications*
- Held June 2015
- Workshop Goals
 - Enumerate public safety specific mobile data types
 - Categorize data types by impact to security
 - Examine possible security mechanisms
 - Examine relationships between data types and attribute based access

- Identifying Public Safety's Security Requirements for Mobile Apps
 - Held February 2014 at APCO Emerging Tech Forum
 - Published findings in NISTIR 8018
 - <http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/ir/2015/NIST.IR.8018.pdf>
- Workshop Goals
 - Refine APCO's *Key Attributes of Effective Apps for Public Safety and Emergency Response*
 - *Identify areas of further research*

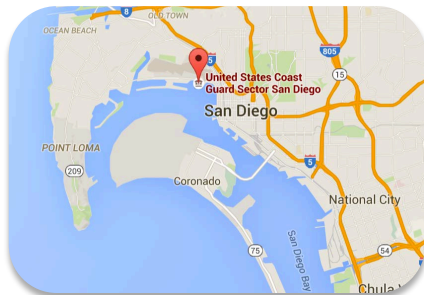
Workshop 1: Focus Areas

- Battery Life
- Unintentional DoS
- **Data Protection**
- Location Information
- Identity Management
- Mobile Application Vetting



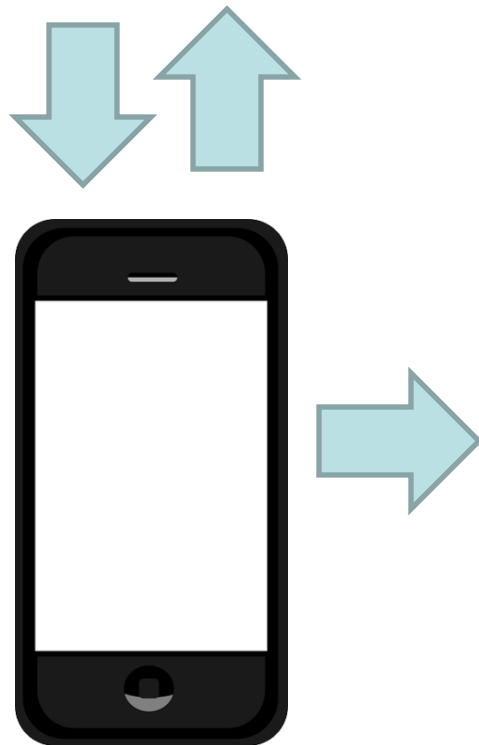
- Applications will declare data that is
 - Consumed
 - Transmitted
 - Stored
- Develop a data dictionary describing different first responder specific data types and their data

Workshop 2: Identifying Data Types

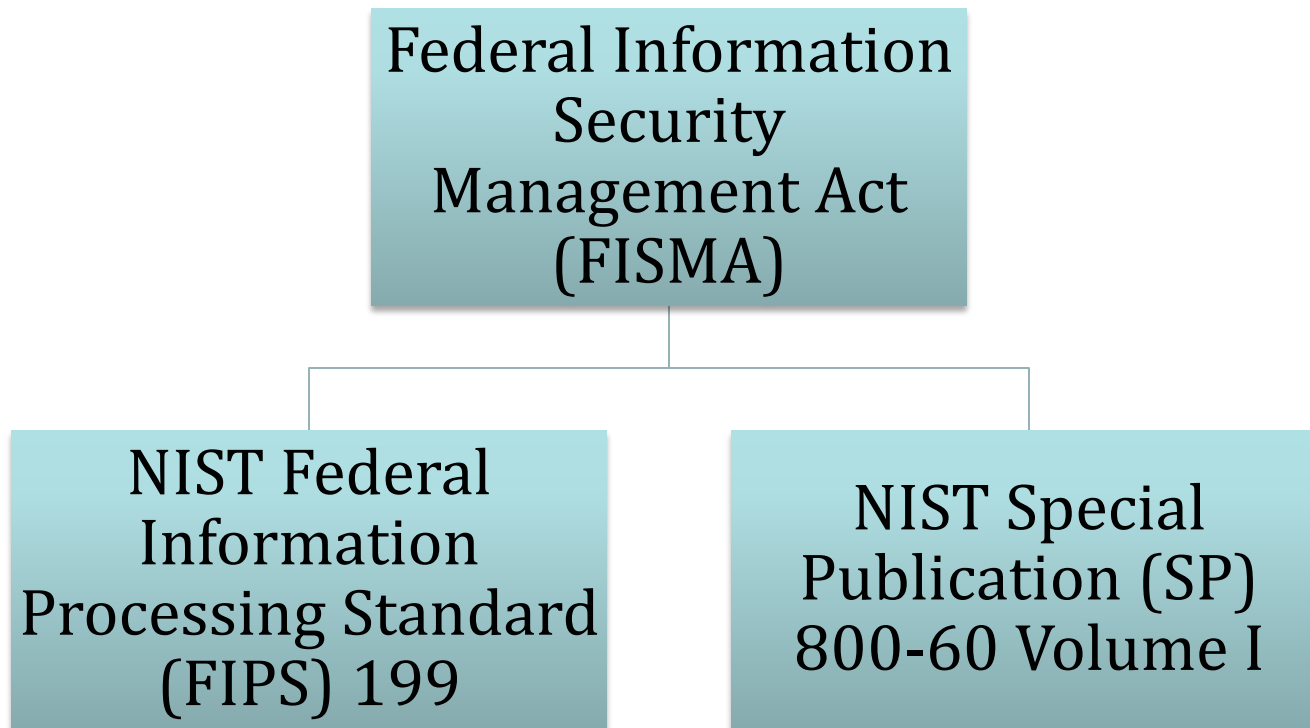


- Familiarizes developers with public safety's mission
- Provides common language
- Fosters in information sharing about apps
- Promotes interoperability
- Aids contingency and disaster recovery planning

Workshop Foundations



- What is data?
- How does data relate to cyber security?
- What data are we concerned with?



Confidentiality

Integrity

Availability

- *Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems*
 - Defines an information type

A specific category of information defined by an organization, or in some instances by law, Executive Order, directive, policy, or regulation

- Establishes levels of impact

Quantifying Impact to Security Objectives

Low

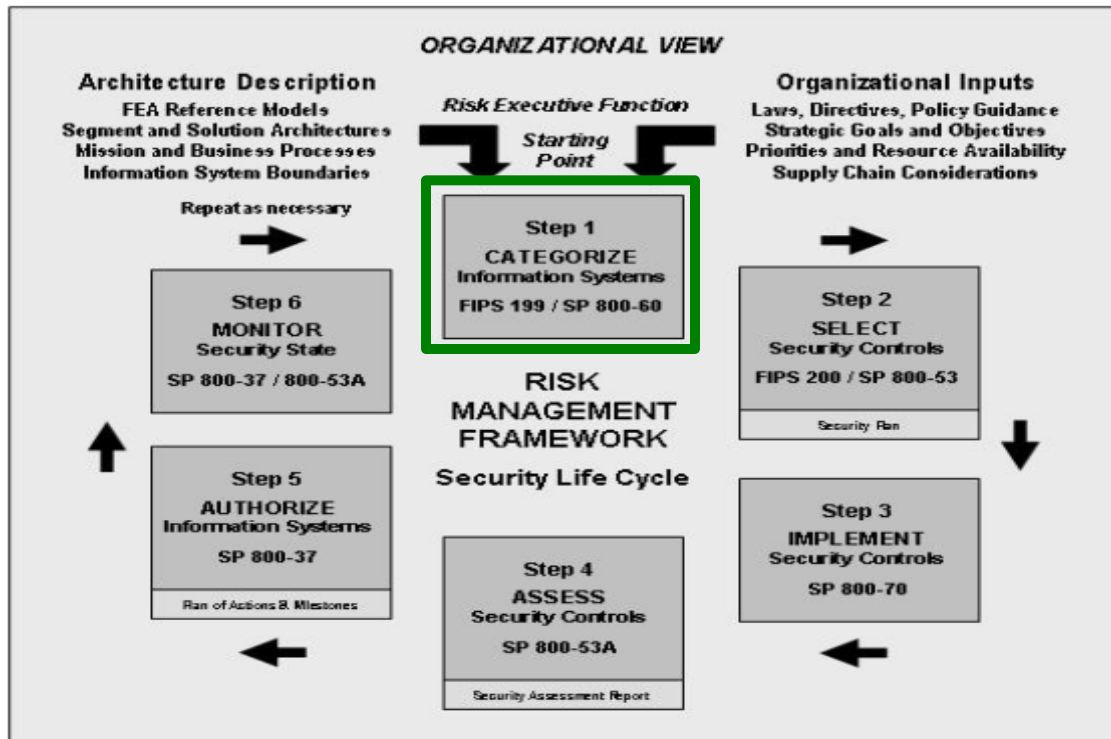
Moderate

High

- Mission
- Assets
- Financial Loss
- Harm to Individuals

SC information type = { (confidentiality impact),
(integrity, impact),
(availability, impact) }

NIST Risk Management Framework



Information System

Information Type 1... N

Confidentiality

Integrity

Availability

SC information type = { (confidentiality, impact),
(integrity, impact),
(availability, impact) }

- Characterization of information
- Assessment of impact to the loss of security objectives:
confidentiality, integrity, and availability
- Impact to operations, assets and individuals

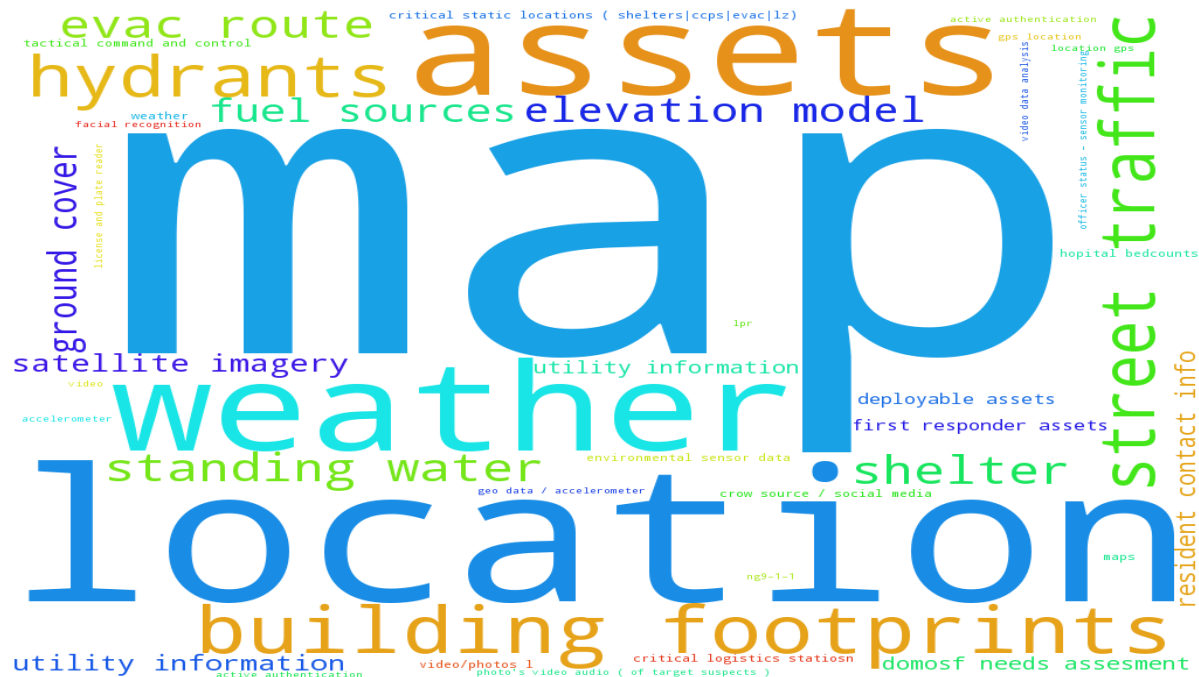
- Thought experiment
 - Perfect App
 - Perfect Device
- Scenario driven
- Group driven



Disaster Scenarios

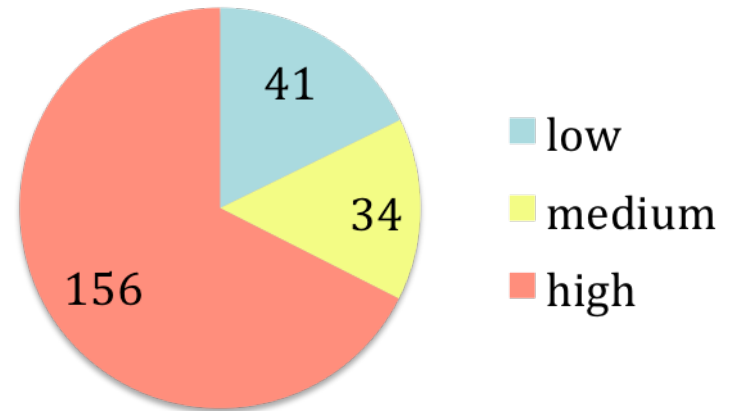
- Explosion at a chemical plant
- Personal injury with hazards
- Medical Emergency
- Search in a national park
- Rioting in an urban area
- Undercover officer
- Structure fire
- Wild fire
- Hurricane
- Active shooter
- Police officer vehicle stop





- 110 data types identified
- 77 data types classified
- 4 data type groups

Data Categorization Counts



- Operations Data
- Situational Awareness Data
- Sensor Data
- Publicly Sourced Data

- Tactical Command and Control
- Incident action plans
- Deployable Assets
- GIS Intel Location
- White boarding

- **Confidentiality**
- **Integrity**
- **Availability**

High

High

High

	Low	Medium	High
Confidentiality	7	6	27
Integrity	1	5	34
Availability	2	6	32

- Building blueprints
- Weather
- Map data
- Hospital capacity
- DoT information

Situational Awareness Data

- **Confidentiality**
- **Integrity**
- **Availability**

Low

High

High

Situational Awareness Data

	Low	Medium	High
Confidentiality	19	5	4
Integrity	1	6	21
Availability	2	2	24

- Environmental sensor data
- Location GPS
- Equipment sensors
- Officer status monitoring

- **Confidentiality**
- **Integrity**
- **Availability**

High

High

High

	Low	Medium	High
Confidentiality	1	1	5
Integrity	1	1	5
Availability	2	1	4

- Directly from social media
- Social media pre-processors



Publicly Sourced Data

- **Confidentiality**
- **Integrity**
- **Availability**

Low

Low

Low

Thank You!

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