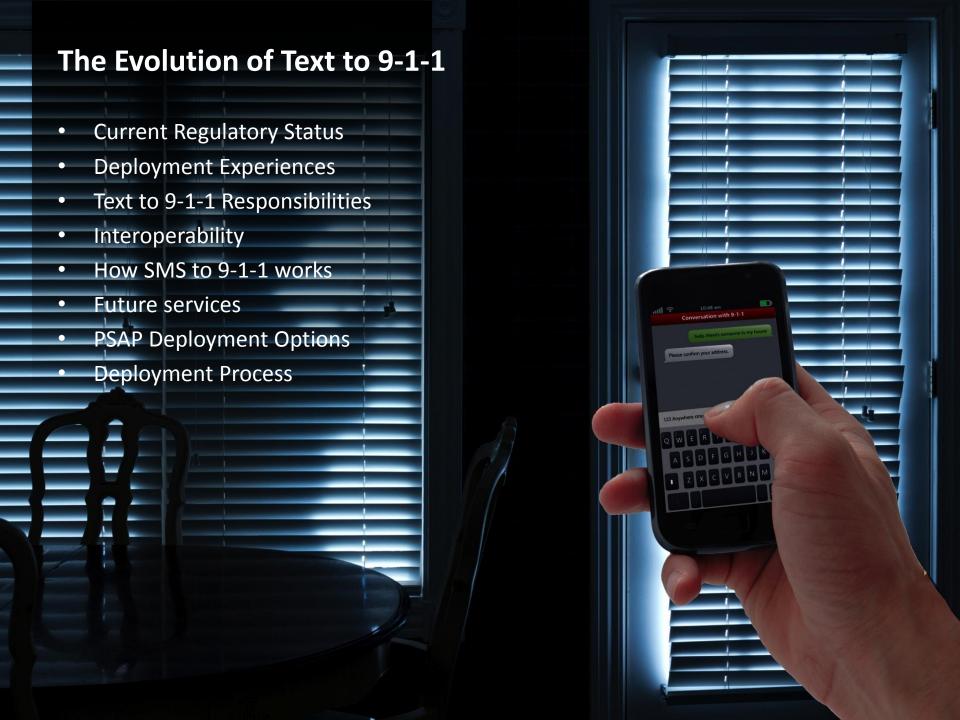


Text-to-9-1-1...Know Your Options

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Regulatory Status

- AT&T, Sprint, T-Mobile and Verizon agreed to make Text-to-9-1-1 available by May 15, 2014
- AT&T, Sprint, T-Mobile and Verizon agreed to implement an automated bounce back message by June 30, 2013
- FCC Report and Order 13-64. Covered Text Providers will provide an automated bounce back message by September 30, 2013

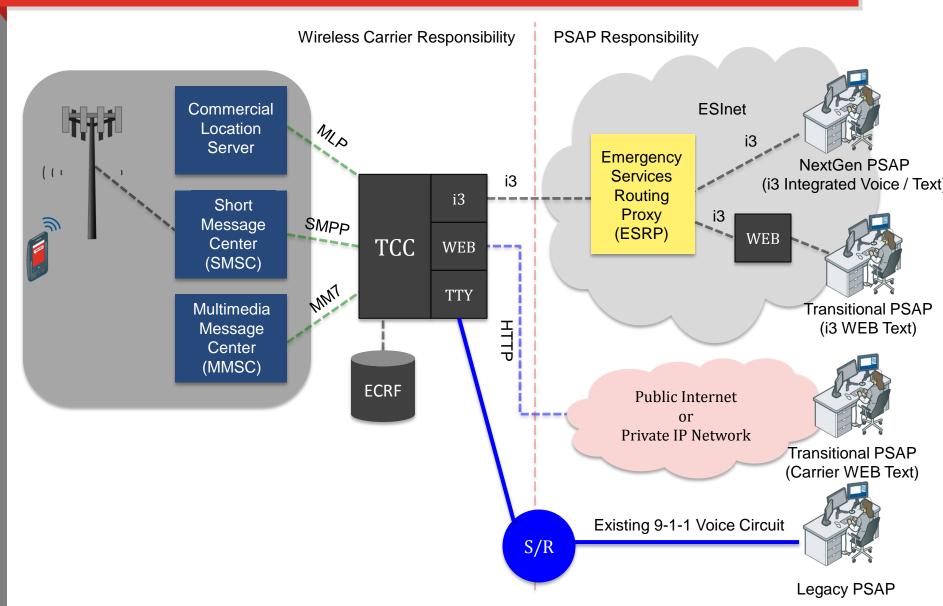


Deployment Experiences

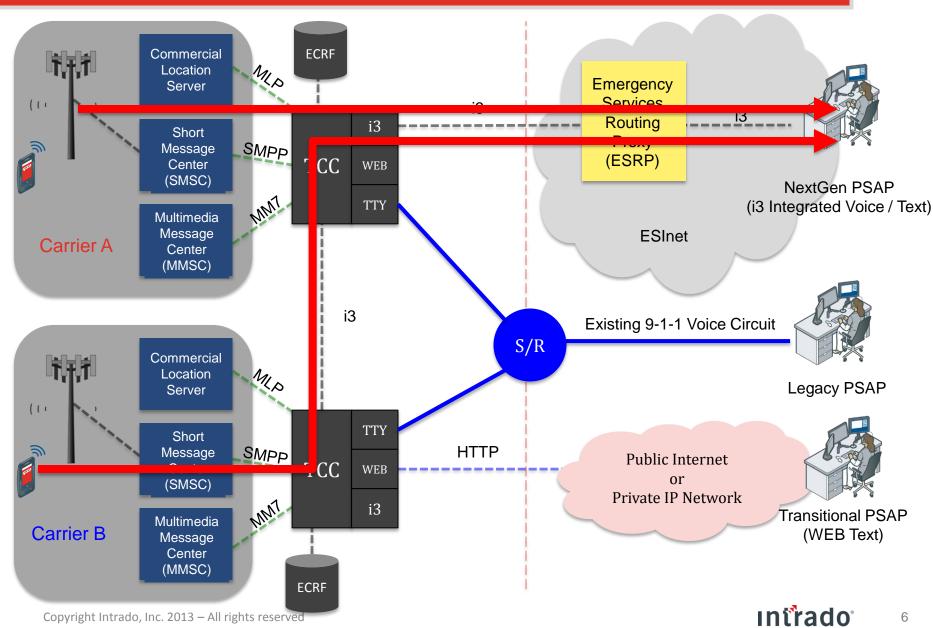
- Integrated Text/Voice deployed in three markets
 - Blackhawk County, Iowa Iowa Wireless
 - Durham, N.C. Verizon Wireless
 - State of Vermont Verizon Wireless, AT&T, Sprint (trial over)
 - Many in process
- Traffic has not overwhelmed the PSAPs or Carriers
- Fraudulent traffic has not been a problem
- Delayed or out of sequence messages have not been a problem
- Current use cases show situational value of text
 - When a voice call would be dangerous
 - For young people where text is the preferred mode of communications
 - When anonymity of text makes a caller choose it over voice



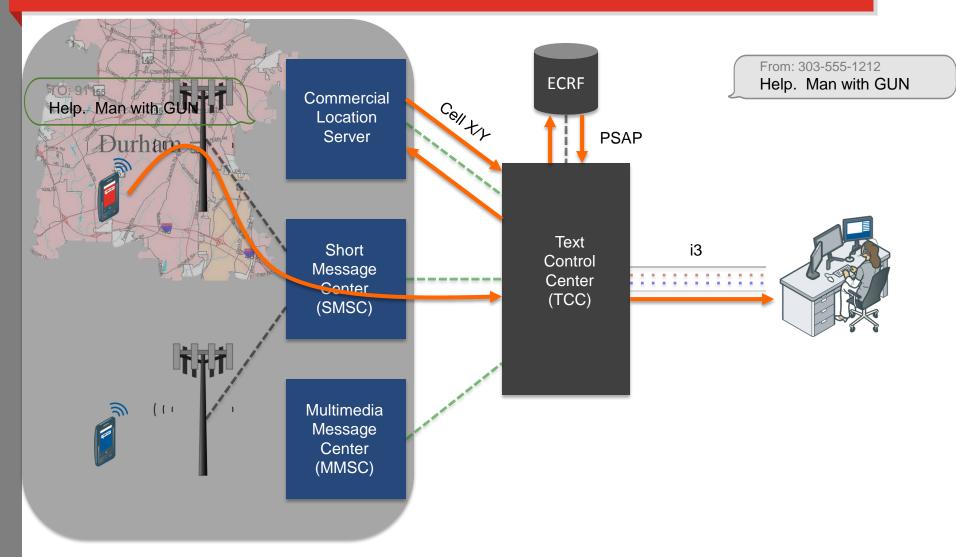
Text-to- 9-1-1 Responsibilities



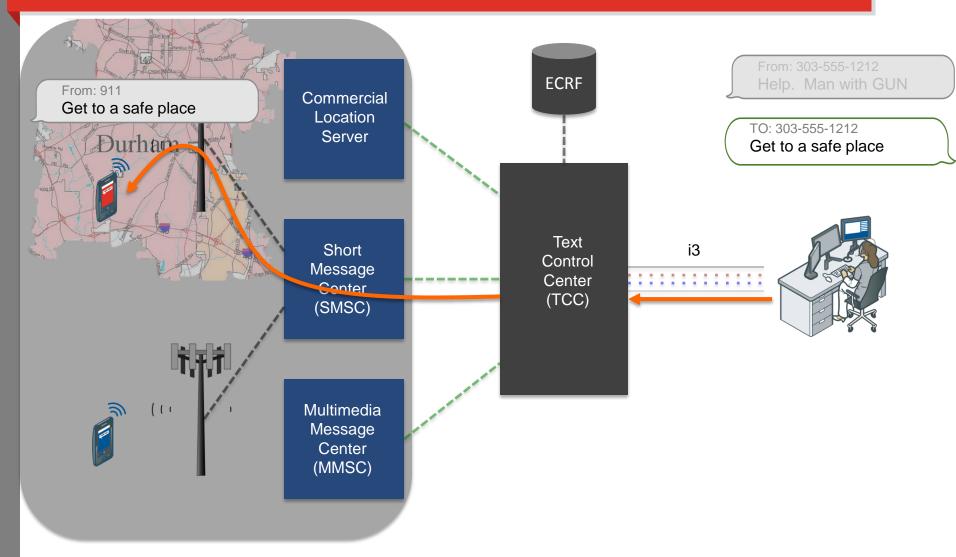
Text-to- 9-1-1 Aggregation



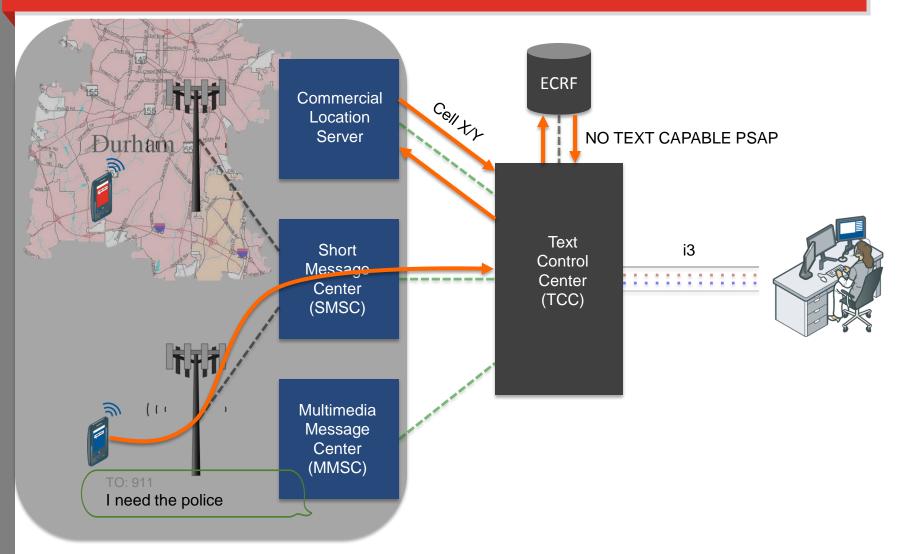
How SMS to 9-1-1 Works – Text Enabled Coverage Area



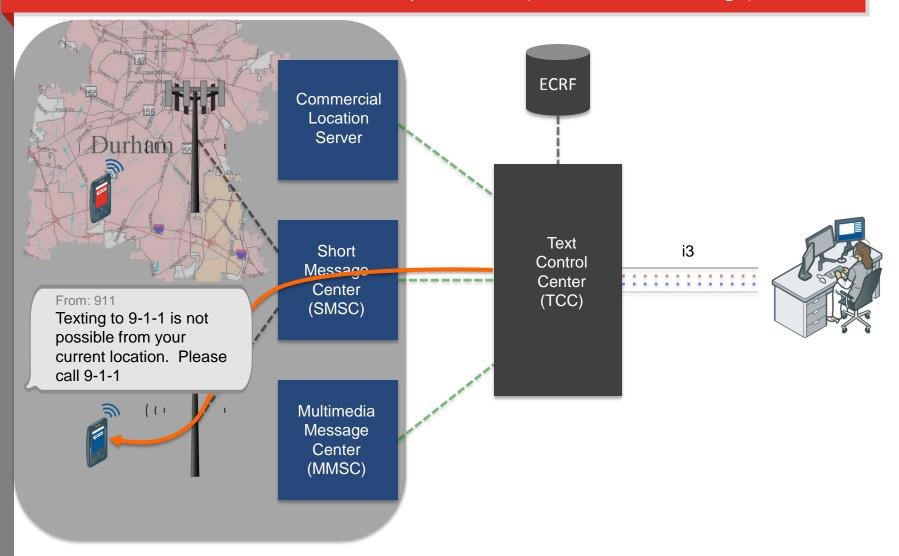
How SMS to 9-1-1 Works – Text Enabled Coverage Area



How SMS to 9-1-1 Works – No Text Capable PSAP (Bounce Back Message)



How SMS to 9-1-1 works – No Text capable PSAP (Bounce Back Message)

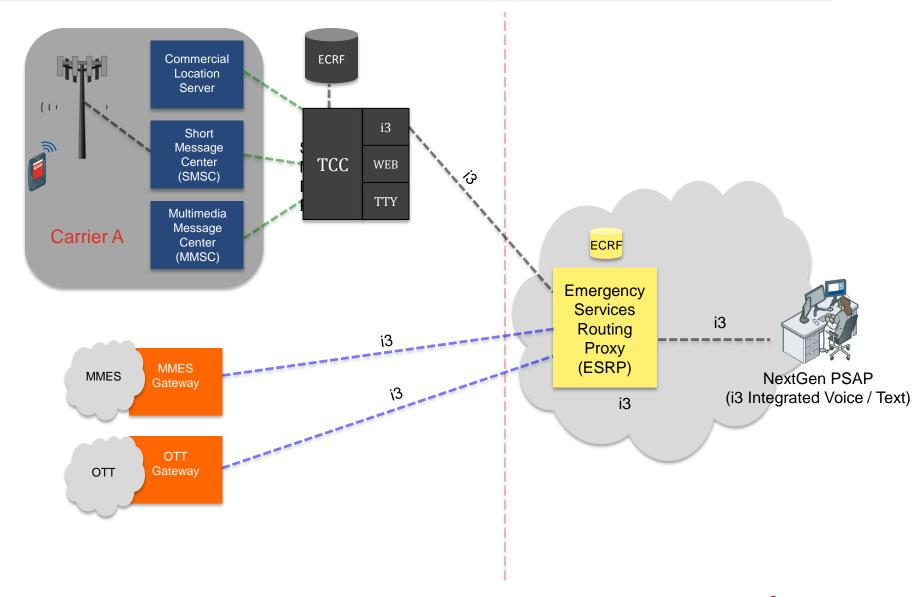




Roadmap to the Future

- SMS will be around for many years (>5 years)
- SMS creates a foundation for future non voice services
- MMES (Multimedia Messaging Emergency Services) in standards development for future non voice communications with 9-1-1 (3+ years away for first device)
- OTT (Over The Top) Applications communications with 9-1-1. (iMessage. Pinger, Blackberry Messenger, etc.) (1+ years)

Non Voice Services beyond SMS

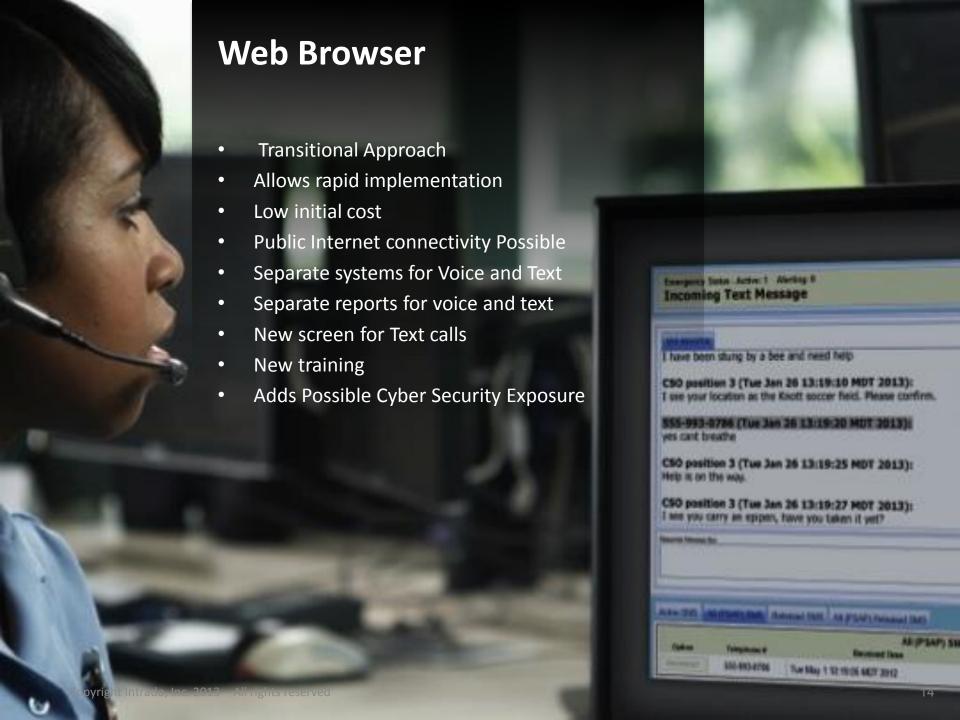




SMS Delivery Over TTY

- Developed in early 1960's
- Does not require any technical change at PSAP
- Competes with voice traffic
- Limited character sets
- Very slow
- SMS users do not understand TTY issues
- Requires PSAP training
- Error handling issues
 - Message-based to character- based conversion
 - Half duplex
 - Message collision
 - Lost shift character garbled text
 - Unknown message integrity



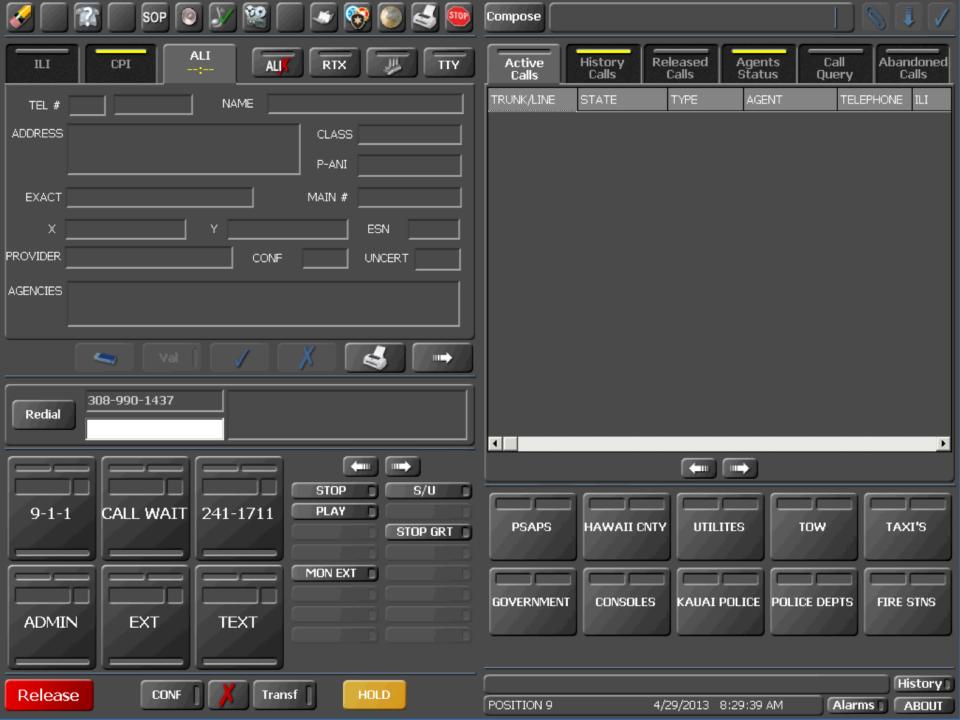


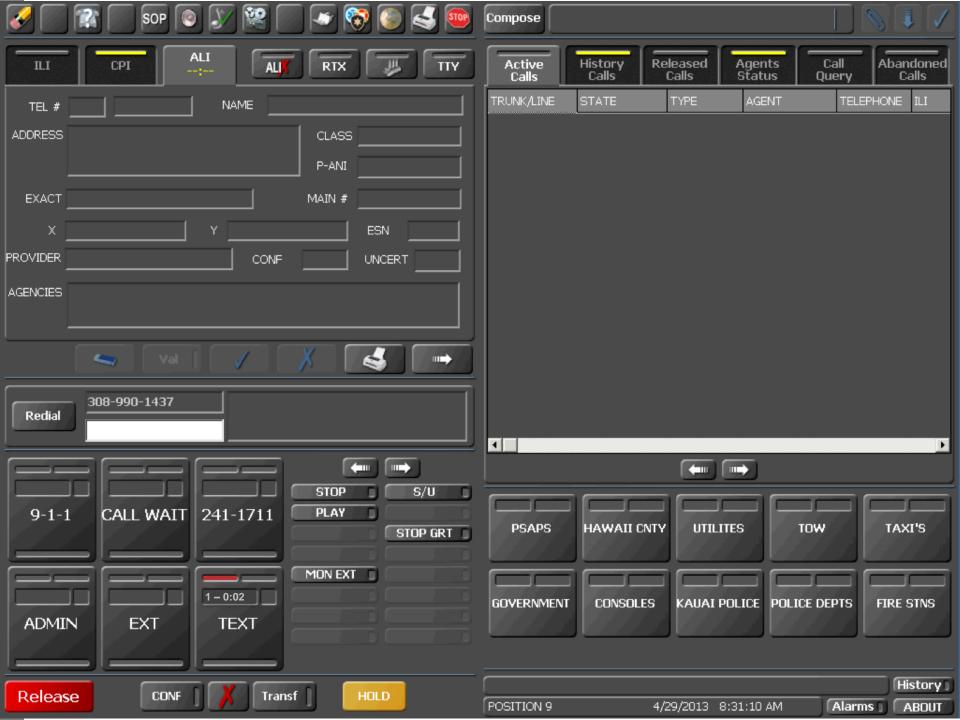
PSAP Interfaces

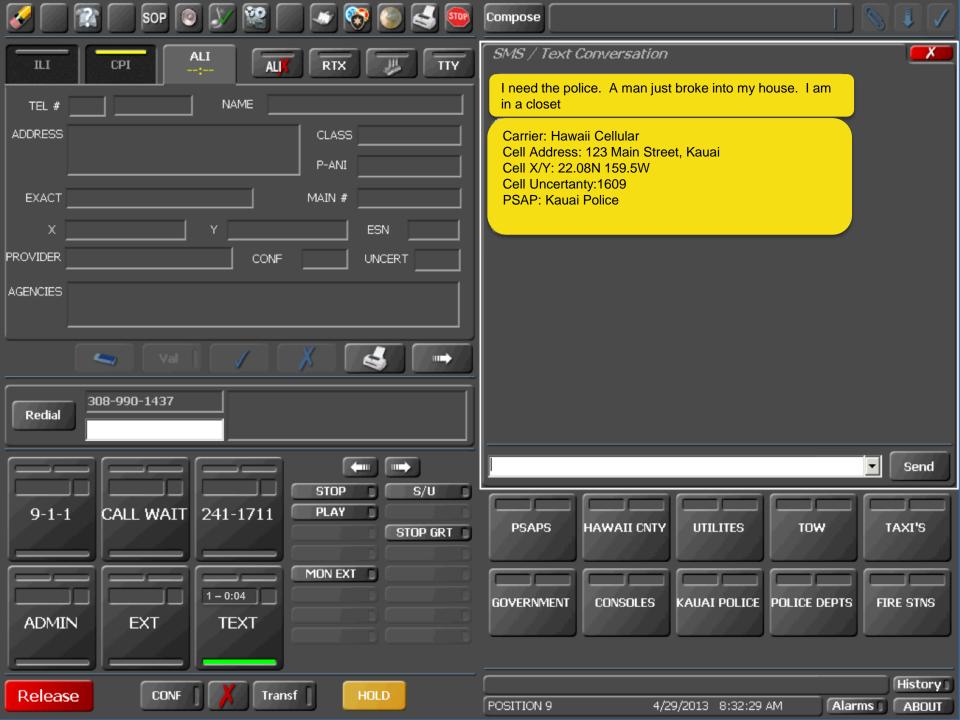
Integrated (CPE and/or CAD)

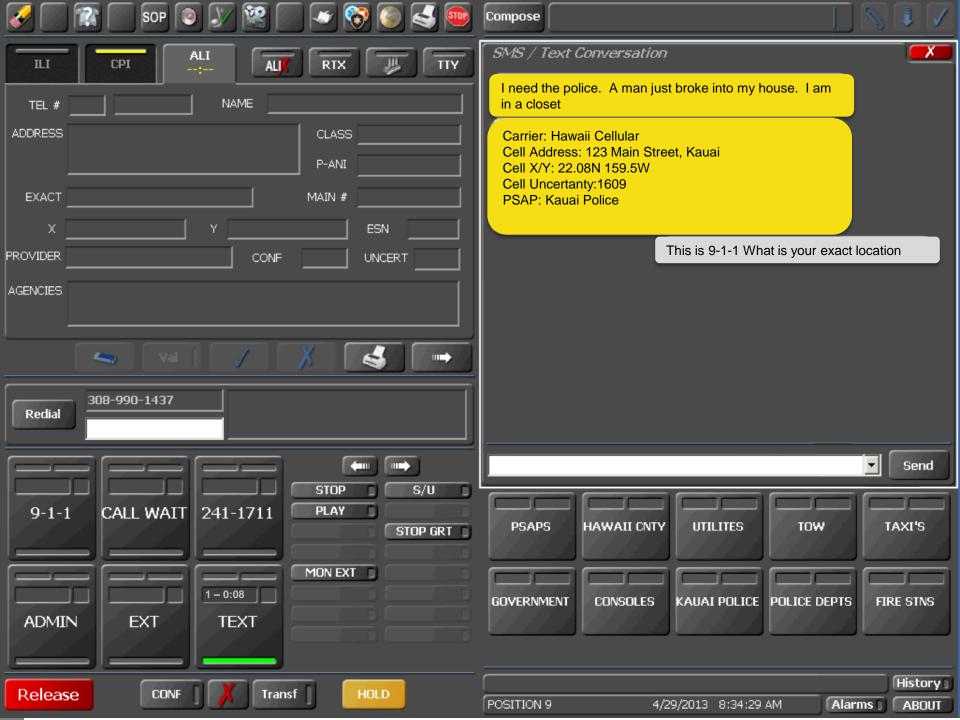
- Ultimate NextGen 9-1-1 i3 Solution
- User interface similar to TTY
- Simple PSAP training / low transition effort
- Integrated work flow with voice calls
- Integrated reports and record management
- CAD integration being developed by major CAD vendors
- Dedicated, Secure NextGen Network
- Does not impact voice trunk capacity

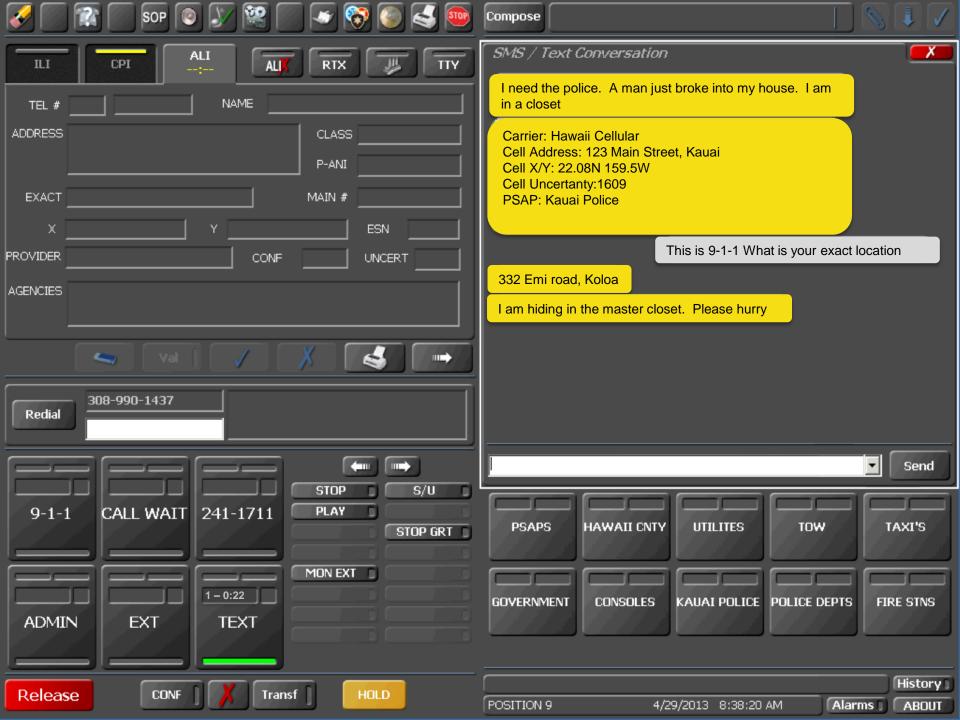


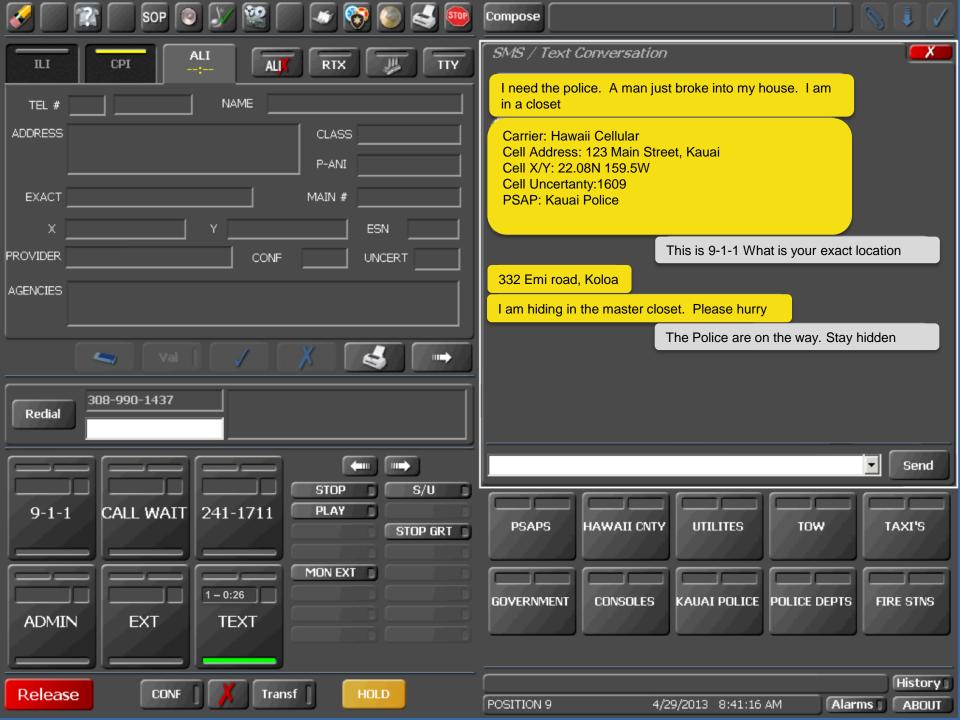












Questions to Ask

- Will the solution provide aggregation from ALL wireless carriers or will I need a different solution for each carrier?
- What is the system availability of the solution?
- What are the network connectivity options for the solution?
- Does the solution support a transition to a full i3 solution as we deploy a local ESInet with all of its components?
- How do I get transcripts of text calls off of the system?
- Can I transfer calls to other solutions?

Deployment Process

- 1. Decide on deployment timeline
 - 1. Deploy now as carriers come online and announce to public
 - 2. Soft launch / slow ramp deploy now but announce when all carriers are online Over 2 million SMS to 9-1-1 attempts / year occur today.
 - 3. Wait for all carriers to come online in May 2014.
- 2. Choose initial technology
 - 1. Integrated with CPE
 - 2. i3 Based WEB
 - 3. TCC based WEB
 - 4. SMS to TTY
- 3. Request service from Wireless Carriers



